

The SAINT's Satisfaction.

25 AFUNERAL

SERMON

Preach'd upon the DEATH of the

REVEREND and Prous

Mr. George Sendall,

Late Minister of the Gospel in London; Who died March 15. 1712. In the Fifty First Year of his Age.

By DANIEL WILCOX.

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TO

Madam SENDALL,

RELICT of the

Reverend Mr. SENDALL,

AND

The Church lately under his PASTORAL CARE.

Dear Friends,



Make the less Difficulty of yielding to your Desire, in sending you the following Sermon, as the Sight of it may the oftner recal Him to your Thoughts, and

therewith his Doctrine and Life, whose

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Death was the mournful Occasion of it: Heb. xiii. And if this prove a Motive to engage you to follow his Faith, that which he preach'd and practis'd, in which he liv'd to fo good Purpose, and died with so much Comfort, considering the End of his Conversation, I shall have no Reason to repent my Labour, and you will be led to thank God for my being your Remembrancer.

> You have now a fresh Instance that the Way to Glory lies thro' the Valley of the Shadow of Death; and of what Use bright Evidences, and realizing Views of that Glory are, not only to free the dying Believer from Fear, but to fill him with Peace, the Earnest of that into which his Soul is about to enter: And from the Nearness in which he ftood to you, who is gone before, you are particularly to hear it as the Language of his Remove, and the encouraging Manner in which he went off; Prepare to follow: Do this by expecting Death as Certain, and looking after that which will make it sweet, viz. a well-grounded Hope of Heaven beyond it.

> WHAT is necessary to such a Hope, you may find in the Text, namely a quitting in point of Choice, the Creature for GoD, felf for Christ, Sin for Holiness, this World for that above; and then acting fuitably to the Choice made. This you have feen ex-

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emplified in him who left you the Subject as his Legacy, which therefore you are to read for Direction, as marking out the Way to Blessedness in the Temper and Tendency of an Heir of it; and to your Consolation, as considering him at Rest in the Fruition of that which you knew him so earnestly tending to.

THE Day of Death is faid to be better than Ecl.vii. 1, the Day of one's Birth: This is not to be understood of every one, but according to the Spirit's Exposition, Blessed are the Dead which Rev. xiv. die in the Lord. They are blessed indeed, 13. as in being absent from the Body, they are 2 Cor.v.8. present with the Lord, which is far better: But Phil.i. 23. the Height and Compass of the Happiness carried in this, cannot be known to us, by any Thing short of Possession: We must die after them into the same State to be fully informed.

Well, in the mean time, nourish in your Minds the most rais'd Apprehensions of it: With new Vigor put on towards it: Imploy Faith and Hope upon the Revelation and Promises of the Word, to get the best Acquaintance you can with it: Pray the Father of Glory to open your Understandings and Heaven, and shew you so much of the Inheritance of the Saints in Light, as he sees suited to an expecting State. Be thankful for any Thing of this by the way, and patient-

tiently wait his Call with a Willingn die, to go and fee and enjoy the rest.

THE Breach made upon you, by which you are brought into a widow'd State, very sensibly tells you, That if Nothing else may, Death at farthest, on one Side or the other will dissolve the most desireable earthly Relations, and teaches you the Necessity and Value of a special Relation to the Living God, which Death cannot hurt, and which will hold thro' and beyond the Grave: This once made, is for Soul and Body, Time and Eternity, and so fitted to give Relief under the Death of any dearest to us, and the Expectation of our own. Upon this Ground, with what Calmness and Comfort may you speak to yourselves and one another, in a dying World,

Pf. xlviii. selves and one another, in a dying World,
Tis enough, God is still alive, the Relxxiii. DEEMER will never die, and this God is our
God for ever and ever, He will be our Guide
even unto Death; and afterwards receive us
to Glory.

I SHALL add no more but my hearty Prayer, For you MADAM,

2 Sam. THAT altho, your House be not so with xxiii. 4,5. God, as a Morning without Clouds; but sadly Ps. xxxiv. less look unto God and be lightned, being able to say, Tet He hath made with me an everlasting

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lasting Covenant, ordered in all Things, and fure, and this is all my Salvation, and all my May you find, That in the Favour Pf. xxx.5. Desire. of God there is Life indeed, abundantly making up the Loss you have fustain'd; and that His Loving-kindness is better than - lxiii. Life, even than that which you thought 3. you cou'd least spare. May you dwell in the _xei. 1. secret Place of the Most High, and abide under the Shadow of the Almighty, and thereby have your Soul and Sorrows refresh'd, your Tears dried up, the remaining Part of your Life fmooth'd, and made to glide pleafantly on to a peaceful Death, and fo into a bleffed Eternity.

For you the FLOCK.

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May the Great and Good Shepherd and Pet. ii. Bishop of Souls, manifest His Regard to you, 25. in setting a Man over the Congregation; a Pastor after His own Heart, who may feed Numb. you with Knowledge and Understanding, and Jer.iii.15. come to you in the Fulness of the Bleffing of Rom. xv. the Gospel of CHRIST; that the Sheep may 29. not scatter, but go in and out, and find Pa-Joh. x. 9. fure. May what he taught you from the Word, who is now remov'd, be remember'd by you, and his earnest Requests to God be remember'd for you, and all fare the better for whom they were made. May any of you, that at his going hence were Strangers to God, be brought Home; and those whom he was instrumental of recovering,

vering, and left on the Way to Heaven, with pleased Hopes of seeing 'em there, be forwarded and built up; and tho' one soweth, and another reapeth, may the Pleasure of the Lord among you go on to prosper in different Hands, that both they that sow, and they that reap, may rejoyce together in the Presence of the Lord Jesus Christ at his Coming, and God in Him have the Glory of all.

Joh. iv. 36, 37. 1 Theff. ii. 19.

For BOTH,

MAY the afflictive Providence be fanchified to faving Purposes; to bring you nearer to God, encrease your Hatred of Sin, teach and excite you to live more as those that are dying, minding above all Things the Concerns of your Souls, and laying up your Treasure in Heaven, that upon the shortest Warning, you may cheerfully depart, to enter into the Joy of your Lord.

I am

Praying and hoping for this,

Tour Friend and Servant,

in the Gospel of Christ,

D. WILCOX.

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PSALM XVII. 15.

As for me, I will behold thy
Face in Righteousness: I
Shall be satisfy'd, when I
awake, with thy Likeness.



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7,

Am to call your Attention to these Words, as the Choice of your late excellent Pastor, and you will allow me to do so, as expressive of his heavenly Temper.

He could herein take up the Pfalmist's Language with much of his Spirit, having like him fix'd on God as his Portion, and looking to Heaven as the Place of his expected perfect Happiness in him.

To fecure this for himself as his chief Good, and engage your Hearts and Pursuits the same Way, was visibly the Scope to which

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his Labours were directed while he lived; and he has hereby left you a memorable Instance, what was his Mind when he came to die, the Time when Men are most in earnest, and least to be suspected to act a Part: He was then greatly pleas'd with the Felicity he had chosen, and heartily desirous of your sharing with him, that his God might be yours, and in Token of both, order'd this to be the Ground of his Funeral Discourse, by which being dead, you are to hear him yet speaking; As for me, I will behold thy Face in Righteousness: I shall be satisfied, when I awake, with thy Likeness.

THE Pfalm is intitled, A Prayer of David. The last Request in it he offers up, common to him with every * Saint, is this, O Lord deliver me from Men of the World, which have their Portion in this Life, and whose Belly thou

fillest with thy hid Treasure. "O let me be "none of the Number who have this to be

to their All, and who without looking far-

" ther can take up with it. I must have a

" Happiness of another Kind, and longer

"Date, than all this World can yield or offer, a Happiness in GoD, or I can ne-

" ver have any. I take the Beginnings of

" this here, as Pledges of far greater to be

" reach'd and enjoy'd beyond the Grave.

"What I have experienc'd of this, hath been

Ver. 13.

[&]quot;Twas a Saying of Luther, valde protestatus sum me nolle sic satiari; I deeply protested that I would not be so satisfied. Melch, Ad, in vita Luth.

"been my best Support upon Earth, "from whence my Desires and Hopes run over with Pleasure and Earnestness to the Persection of all in Heaven;" As for me, I will behold thy Face in Righteousness: I shall be satisfy'd, when I awake, with thy Likeness.

We may here observe,

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I. The Genuine Temper of a Gracious Soul as distinguished from all the rest of the World, viz. to be taken up with God as his chief Good.

II. What it is with Reference to GOD, that sums up the Happiness of his People, viz. Beholding his Face, his Likeness, and the Satisfation that Both will make way for, and run into.

III. If any are admitted to behold GOD's Face to their Satisfaction and Happiness, it must be in Righteousness.

IV. To whatever Degree GOD may bring down Heaven in the Discoveries of himself to his People here, there is much more reserved above, which they are breathing after, and shall at last obtain.

V. There is a fixt and proper Season for their full Satisfaction, viz. when they awake, which they will and ought to have their Eye to, and in a becoming Manner to think and speak of. And B 2 when

when I have gone thro' these, 'twill be time to close with Something respecting the mournful Occasion.

I. 'Tis the Genuine Temper of a Gracious Soul, as distinguish'd from all the Rest of the World, to be taken up with GOD as his chief Good.

We are all born with a Cry after Happiness, but, fince the Apostacy, expect it in Objects in which 'tis never to be found, and pursue it in a Way which carries us the farther from it, while Go D and Heaven are left behind.

THIS, how strange soever, is the Character and Course of all in their Natural Pfal. xiv. State: The Lord looked down from Heaven up-2, 3. on the Children of Men, to see if there were any that did understand and seek God; but they are all gone aside, and under the Sway of Cor-Job. xxxv. ruption, still going farther, none faying, 10. Where is God my Maker, who giveth Songs in

the Night.

28.

UPON this Account Men unchang'd, are fitly call'd, Men of the World, as wholly for it, swallow'd up, and engross'd by it. They pursue it as their Business, value Act. xvii. it as their Bleffedness, and so live * without God, even while they live upon Him.

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i. e. In Point of Acknowledgment a Sees en The xcour, Pra-Hical Atheifts in the World, Eph. ii. 12.

But in this a Child of God is of ano-Numb. ther Spirit, a more excellent one. What the xiv. 24. World was once to him, that Go D is now, Prov. xii. to wit, his Portion; and this is the Lan- 26. guage with which he runs to Him, Whom Pfalm have I in Heaven but Thee? And there is none lxxiii. 25.

upon Earth that I desire besides thee.

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HAVING a new End, he is under a new Biass, and as rescu'd from the common Herd, has his Defires carry'd a different Way: There be many that Say, Who will Shew Pfal. iv.6. us any Good? But Saints are of a more refined Tafte, and any Kind of Good can no longer fuit or fatisfy their Souls. They all look upward, and breathe their inmost Sense in the following Request; Lord, lift Thou up the Light of thy Countenance upon us. And the Granting of this, gives 'em a Joy Prov. xiv. that a Stranger intermeddleth not with, and 10. fuch as no Delights possible to others, even at Harvest, or their highest Tide can ever equal. This the Psalmist speaks from what he felt, as a Witness for God, Thou hast put Gladness in my Heart, more than in the Time that their Corn and their Wine increased.

THERE is, and must be, a vast Difference between the People of God, and the Rest of Mankind, as travelling to Eternity. They that are to be remov'd from each other, as far as Heaven is from Hell hereafter, may well be suppos'd to be widely distinguish'd here. And the Distinction is not merely external, but fuch as is deeply

inward, and lies in the differing Dispositions, and predominant Workings of Mens Spirits, either to Go D or the World, as their Fe-

licitating Portion.

ALL in the State wherein they were born, cleave to Earth, and rest in it, practically faying, 'Tis good to be here; and fo the Spirit they are of, is styl'd, the Spirit of the World.

On the contrary, Him that is godly, the Pfal.iv. 3. Lord hath set apart for Himself. And they that are of this Character, from the greatest to the least, as coming into the Number, renounce the World as a Rival with their Maker, and center in God as infinitely better; and hereupon, as in earnest, pursuing their Choice, they are faid, in

1 Cor. ii. Opposition to the former, to have received not the Spirit of the World, but the Spirit which is of God. On Him their Hearts and Hopes are plac'd; after Him, their chief and most eager Desires run. His Loving-kindness to them, is better than Life: An Interest in his Goodness, is what they would fear the

Hof iii. Forfeiture of, and awe themselves with, more than Death. Communion with Him, is their Heaven begun, and the perfect, endless Fruition of Him, is all the Heaven

Pf.xxiv. 6. they expect. This is the Generation of them that feek him, that feek thy Face, O God of Jacob.

WHILST others are carry'd to Things below, David, as a Man after God's own -xxv. 5. Heart, fays of himfelf, Mine Eyes are ever

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agrees to every One, in whom Grace reigns. Tho' they can't be always actually Eying God, they would be as much with Him as possible, as more to them than all the World: And this upon several Accounts.

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(1.) FROM a settled Conviction of the Emptiness and Insufficiency of any created Good, to do for 'em what they need, or be to 'em instead of GOD.

WHEN Man fell from God, he turn'd to the Creature, and places and feeks his Happiness in it; but upon Trial, all it amounts to, is Vanity and Vexation, and with this Confession, the true Penitent, tir'd with his wild and vain Pursuit, returns to God as his only Rest.

Whatever were his Apprehensions before, he is now sensible, with Application to himself, that the Body is not the only or chief Thing that we are to be concern'd for; nor the present Life, and the gratifying and pleasing the Appetite and Senses, during a short, uncertain Space, what we are to take our Estimate of Happiness from. There is belonging to every One an undying Part, of far higher Account: A Soul of a spiritual Nature, which the Things of Earth do not suit; of vast Desires, which they cannot fill; of peculiar Wants, which they can no Way answer: The whole World

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World cannot procure a Pardon for the Guilty, or heal the Diseased, or give Peace to the awaken'd, troubled Soul: It cannot hold it in Life, or go with it at Death, or plead for it at Judgment, or open Heaven, or deliver from Hell, or in the least mitigate the Torments there. Thus view'd, miserable indeed is the Case of those, who have their Portion in this Life; which therefore the Believer humbly deprecates, and for himself looks above and beyond it all to God.

(2.) THERE is every Thing in GOD that may commend and endear Him to his People, and

HE is an Universal Good, in whom all

attract their Eyes and Hearts to Him.

possible Excellencies and Perfections meet, as Streams in the Ocean, and fo Go D Allsufficient: He is a Good unmixt, in whom, as there is Nothing wanting that is desira-Joh. i.s. ble, so Nothing present that is evil. God is Light, and in him there is no Darkness at all: He is a Good Infinite and Immense, and so most proper and adequate to answer all our Neceffities, employ all our Powers, fill up all our Capacities and Defires to the utmost, and give that perfect Rest, that will exclude all possible Want, and leave no Room for an unfatisfy'd Wish: And how many soever may be thus happy in God, His boundless Fulness will be as sufficient to every One, as if there were none else; as Millions of Eyes may at once drink in the Light of the Sun, without

without the least Diminution to any particular Beholder: Moreover, HE is a Good always the same, above all possible Decay; and fo the Happiness of his People can never abate by Length of Enjoyment, nor the least Weariness arise as an Occasion to admit the Thought of Change: HE is a Good everlasting, such as will never cease to be, and who can, and will be the Happiness of his People to all Eternity: And, that Nothing may be wanting, under the mention'd Characters, to fpeak him amiable indeed, this is to be added as at the Bottom and the Crown of all: He is their God in CHRIST. and so accessible by 'em: Their God in Covenant, and so ready to bid them welcome, and in a peculiar Manner open and let out Himself unto them.

(3.) 'T is the Property of Grace coming from God, to carry his People to Him, as

their chief Good.

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THEY are Men, whose Hearts God hath touch'd and turn'd, that thus sollow Him; and being drawn by Him, whither should they run but to Him? As savingly enlighten'd to discern his transcending Excellency, they love Him above all, and thence desire Nothing so much, as to be taken up with the Object beloved: Being justified by Rom. v.t. Faith, they have Peace with God, thro' Jesus Christ, in whom, as the Great Beloved, they are accepted; and so the Ground of slavish

Fear is removed: And as fanttify'd by the Spirit, and made like to God, their natural Aversion is cured, and from a new Principle, they are prepar'd for Converse with Him, and breathing after it, as what they cannot live without. If at any Time diverted, their Case is, as that of the Needle turn'd from its Pole, trembling and unfettled, till it find its desir'd Point.

'Tis remarkable, How all that are Partakers of the divine Nature, are, as to this, of the same Temper, and carry'd the fame Way. How different foever as to Age or Sex, Condition or Place, they are herein united; Gop, the Fountain of Bleffedness, they have chosen as their Portion, and are all tending to Him, as the Centre of

THE New Convert comes into the King-

their Rest.

4, 2.

dom of Grace, faying, 'Tis good for me, to draw near to God: And in the same Mind, the Old Disciple goes off to Glory, faying, To be absent from the Body, and present with the Lord, is far better. And how often is this Pfal. xlii his Language by the Way? As the Hart panteth after the Water Brooks : so thirsteth my Soul after Thee, O God. My Soul thirsteth for God, for the living God, when shall I come and appear before God?

UNDER the most distant, external Circumstances, there belongs to 'em the same inward Sense. They among 'em, that have most of the World, would think, and

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own themselves miserable, without GoD; and therefore in Prosperity, value his Prefence above all Things else they enjoy: To them that have least of the World, the fame Presence of GoD, is more than all Things elfe that they want, and therefore they acquiesce with Pleasure and Satisfaction in himself. Upon Supposition of the faddeft Cafe as to Externals, they would not change their Note, but fay with the Prophet, when Nature is withering round 'em, as under an universal Blast; Altho' Hab. iii. the Fig-tree shall not blossom, neither shall Fruit 17, 18. be on the Vines, tho' the Labour of the Olive shall fail, and the Fields shall yield no Meat; tho' the Flock shall be cut off from the Fold, and there shall be no Herd in the Stalls: Tet will I rejoyce in the Lord, and joy in the God of my Salvation. The Fountain is full and inexhaustible, tho' all the Streams of creature Comforts be cut off, or dried up: Here therefore will I fit and drink, and then lift up my Head and fing, The Lines are fallen to me in pleasant Places, Pf. xvi. 6. yea I have a goodly Heritage. Let others take up with what they will, The Lord is the Portion of mine Inheritance, and of my Cup: Thou maintainest my Lot.

Thus in the Midst of all earthly Accommodations, G o b is his Peoples Happiness and Hope; and in the Absence of these, he is still the same, and therefore in Him they see Reason still to b.

11.

at rest; they can set GoD and an Interest in him against the greatest Wants and Troubles they may be subject to, and find in him enough to their Relief, notwithstanding all: Let who will be disquieted, when denied what he would have of the present World, or depriv'd of other Comforts in it, one born from Heaven, can speak it to his Father there, " Lord, give me Thyfelf, and " I have enough; continue Mine, and let " me know it, and I shall never want, and

" will be fo far from complaining, that Pf. xvi 9. " my Heart shall be glad, and my Glory re-

" joyce. Had I ten thousand Worlds, with-" out Goo, I had Nothing; but in Him

" I have all. That God who is his own

" Happiness, without any Thing else, is

" fufficient for mine." This leads us to add,

(4.) Gracious Souls have all found that Rest, and some of them that Joy in God, that nothing in the World besides can give, and which they would not exchange for any Thing it can offer.

IT must be own'd, in Point of Comfort, there is a great deal of Difference among fuch as stand equally related to God; and no Wonder, when their Age and Growth, Difpolitions and Circumstances, Watchfulness, Work, and Trials are so different, and the Purposes so many and great that God has

Pf. xcvii. to ferve by all: Light is sown for the Righteous, and Gladness for the Upright in Heart, but all have not an equal Share of this, nor

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it may be any at all Times: However they that know least of what the Peace of Go D means, the Peace that is founded in Grace and bears it Company, know it to be fuch, as is no where elfe to be had, and by this. their Hearts and Minds are kept, thro' Christ Phil. iv.7, Hesus, in a resolv'd Adherence to God as their best Good. The weakest that have yielded themselves to God, as those that are alive from the Dead, from a Persuasion and Hope, and some inward Taste that the Lord 1 Pet.ii 3, is Gracious, have their Judgment and Choice fix'd for him against all Things else; and the more they experience of this upon longer standing, and as advancing in Strength and Stature, in the Sealing, Earnest and First-fruits of the Spirit, the harder Pfal Ixili, their Souls follow after God, and the more are they fet against the contrary; being fure upon the firmest Ground, that looking any where else they can never have a better Master, or the Prospect of a greater Reward, or a better Way, or Work or End; or ever change but to their infinite Loss: Upon any Motion of that Kind, Peter's Answer would be theirs, Lord, to whom John vi. should we go, thou hast the Words of Eternal 68. Life.

Having been in the Mount and seen Good's Power and Glory as his People have sometimes done; had his Goodness made to pass before 'em, and his Loving Kindness freely let out upon 'em to the satisfying of

their

their Souls as with Marrow and Fatnes; they can never forget the gracious Vouchfafements, nor receive 'em, without that transforming Impression and Relish, that shall never wholly die out. The happy Effect of this, in fuch, is an Appetite more eager to the Things Above, and deadned to all that belongs to Earth. When tempted to look downward, to any Thing here, under the Notion of Happiness, Experience will enable 'em readily to reply, with Abhorrence of the Pleasures of Sin, with Disdain of the Delights of Sense, in Comparison of those of a higher Kind, We are far better entertain'd with GoD: No Love, like the Love of God; no Comforts, like the Comforts of God; no Delight like that which is to be had in Communion with Him; no Bleffedness to that which will consist in the full

Pf. lxv. 4. Injoyment of Him. Bleffed is the Man whom Thou choosest, and causest to approach unto Thee.

Such an One will record, and often recal the happy Hours thus employ'd and fill'd between God and his Soul, as the sweetest, the most desirable Part of his Time: And this, with Pleasure and Thankfulness, that any Thing of this has been known, especially, if still continu'd; with Grief, as often as he finds it otherwise, Job xxix. wishing, with Job, Oh, that I were as in

Months past. He is ready to own, It has been always best with me, when nearest God, and worst when farthest off. Oh! the Privi-

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lege of Access to God by Jesus Christ, leaving all the World behind, and having my Soul taken up with him, under the Influences of his Spirit, and the Manifestacions of his Love! How defervedly memorable is the Time, and Place, and any Instance of this! When He hath drawn forth my Defires, and then met them with futable Communications from the Riches of his Grace; with a reviving Voice, calling me Child, and allowing, and enabling me to cry, Abba, Father, and with endearing Tenderness treating me as such: If ever I had Peace and Comfort, Delight and Joy, it was then: If ever I was rais'd above the World, and willing to leave it; difingag'd from the inordinate Love of Life, and delivered from the Fear of Dying, it was then: If ever I could read my Title to Heaven clear, and had the Glory and Bleffedness there shew'd to my Faith, and real and affuring Foretastes of all, it was in being thus near to GOD; dwelling in the secret Place of the Most High, and abiding under the Shadow of the Almighty.

AND the after this, a Child of Light may walk in Darkness, and from being listed up, cast down again; Sense of the mournful Change, directs him to God Most High as his only Relief; none being able to do for him, what he has found God has, and can, and thence has Incourage-Job xxxiv. ment to hope, that He will. If God give 29.

Peace,

Peace, who or what can cause Trouble? But when He hideth his Face, whither should the benighted Soul turn for Light, but to the Sun? Before Conversion, the awaken'd Sinner could find no Rest, till he came to Goo; and any Distance that may grow up afterwards, procures to the Saint the most sensible Pain, that is only to be removed by the fame Hand. In this Cafe, to apply any where elfe, instead of succeeding to a Cure, does but add to his Sorrow. Should the Cry for Help be carry'd round from Creature to Creature, the wounded Spirit would have Cause for Job's Complaint, Miserable Comforters are ye all! Upon this Ground, the Resolve will be taken

Hof. ii. 7. up with a becoming Vehemence, I will go and return unto my first Husband; for then it was better with me than now! Oh! the Difference between what I have had and enioy'd in Gop, and in any Thing else abstracted from Him? In Him my Soul was lodg'd in Goodness, and so had Reason to

Pf.xxv.13. dwell at Ease: And what Wounds and Bruises I have received, has been by turaing aside. This has rob'd me of my best Joys, broken my Peace, dash'd my Hopes, reviv'd my Fears, under which it has been hard to bear up: So true have I found it,

That they that observe lying Vanities, for sake their own Mercy. The farther from God, the farther from Happiness, Satisfaction, and all Good; and the nearer Perishing or

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or the greatest Misery: Wherefore let who will be a chosen Stranger to Him, or make light of his being withdrawn; Duty and Interest call me to delight my self in the Lord, Pfal. as that which can alone bring me the De-xxxvii. 4. Gres of my Heart. From the Experience I have had of the Advantage of this; and the Sadness of an Interruption, I desire, and pray, and hope, and wait, to have pass'd Views and Joys reviv'd, and rais'd to a higher Degree, in being nearer and nearer fill. Nor in my Ascent to God, would I set Bounds to myself, where He sets none, but aspire on to the brightest Vision, as where that is vouchfased, perfect Rest is only to be found. But this brings us to confider,

II. WHAT it is with Reference to GOD, that sums up his Peoples Happiness, viz. Beholding his Face, his Likeness, and the Satisfaction that will Result from Both.

1. BEHOLDING his Face. This includes three Things.

(1.) THAT GOD as the Object of his Peoples Happiness, has different Ways of manifesting Himself to em, in a Manner more or less glorious, as He sees good.

Matter of Necessity, but of Grace; and so the Degree of the Manisestation, is such as He chooses, as well as the Person admitted

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Appearances, according to the Pitch to which He would raise the Beholder's Blessedness. Thus the Face of God, and the Glory of God, are one and the same, viz. The Discovery of his Persections in the highest, most amiable Lustre, to the highest Felicity and Joy of those to whom it is made, Such a Discovery belongs to the upper World, and will make Heaven there; and so is not to be expected, nor, indeed, supportable by any in this mortal State. When Moses prays, I besech Thee, shew me

Thou canst not see my Face: For there shall no

exod. When Mojes prays, I bejeech Thee, John me xxxiii. 18. thy Glory! God's Answer to him, is this;

Man see me, and live. There must be a Difference between Earth and Heaven; between the Discoveries of my-Self to those that live in a frail, expecting State, and those who are gone thro' Death into a more perfect one. His Request, as duly regulated, is graciously indulg'd, as God promises, Thou shalt see my Back-parts: But repeats it again, My Face shall not be seen. Something of God may be seen and known in the present Life; but Heaven only is the Place for Beholding his Face, which, the Best must die, before they can be admitted to.

in order to their Happines in Him: So near as that they shall see Him Face to Face.

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THIS World is a distant Place; and Believers themselves, whilst at Home in the 2 Cor.v.6. Body, are said to be absent from the Lord: But 8. upon their Departure hence, they shall be present with the Lord, and this in another Manner than ever before. Christ speaks of Heaven as his Father's House, where all Johniv.1. the Children of God are to live under his Eye.

(3.) In this Nearness their Eye shall be clear

and strengthened for the glorious Sight.

HERE they cannot fee God's Face and live; Above, the most joyful Life will confift in it, and be maintain'd by it. On the Part of the Object, the Bleffed God, Nothing shall be wanting, or conceal'd, that will tend to the Felicity of those that shall be taken to dwell with Him: On the Part of the Subject, the Soul first, and afterwards Soul and Body purify'd, shall be perfectly fuited to the Intellectual and Sensible Glory, respectively prepar'd for their blissful Entertainment. The Manifestation shall be most full, constant, particular: The Vision shall be most comprehensive, steady, appropriating: Both most vigorous, unwearied and everlasting. Blessed are the pure in Mat. v. 8. Heart; for they shall see God. This is the first Branch of the Saints Happiness in GOD; Beholding his Face: To which is

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2. His Likeneß. THIS may be consider'd in Relation Either to the { Object, or Subject.

(1.) In Relation to the Object, and fo the Likeness of God may stand;

[1.] IN General, for the same with his Face or Glory open'd in Heaven, in beholding of which, Saints may well count upon their perfect Bleffedness, as it is the Likeness of God. What was promised to Moses, is thus Num. xii. describ'd, The Similitude of the Lord shall he behold: Much more will the Name belong to that which shall be opened and shine forth Above. 'Twill be a Manisestation eminently divine; most worthy of God; made by Him, and defigned to prove his Deity to the fullest Conviction, in fixing the Eyes and Minds of his People upon Him with the greatest Intenseness and eternal Delight.

[2.] More especially, the Likeness of God, may point to Jesus Christ, who is One with Him, and in whom most of God is mani-Col. ii. 9 fested and to be seen. In him dwelleth all the Fulness of the Godhead bodily. And accordingly, He is faid, to be in the Form of Phil. ii. 6. God; the Brightness of his Glory, and the expres

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ress Image of his Person. No Man hath seen Joh. i. 18. od at any Time; for He dwelleth in inac- 1 Tim.vi. essible Light; but the only begotten Son, 16. which is in the Bosom of the Father, he hath declared Him. And this, not only by his Tim. iii. Doctrine, but in his Person; being God ma- 16. ifest in the Flesh. Whilst He was here conversing with Men, upon Philip's coming to him with that Petition, Lord, Joh. xiv.9, bew us the Father, and it sufficeth us. Jesus faith unto him, Have I been so long Time with you, and yet hast thou not known me Philip? He that hath seen me, hath seen the Father. The Light of the Knowledge of the Glory of 2Cor.iv.6. God, shines to us in the Face of Jesus Christ: It does fo here; and under this Notion we are in the New Testament Style, directed to Joh. xvii. conceive of Heaven; namely, As being with 24. Christ, and beholding his Glory. And at that Day it shall be known, that he is in the Father, and the Father in him; and that, he that thus fees Joh xiv. him, sees the Father indeed, in a Manner that 20. will lead the happy Beholder to fay, with the highest Transport, It Sufficeth.

(2.) THE Likeness of God, may be consider'd in Relation to the Subject: And so is his Likeness impress'd upon the Soul; a Resemblance of the Glory open'd and beheld in his Face. This is here begun, We 2 Cor. iii. all with open Face beholding, as in a Glass, the Glory of the Lord, are changed into the same Image. But the Perfection of it is reserved to

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the yet clearer Vision, which all the Children of God shall have of Him, in the Day 1Joh.iii.2 they are waiting for. Beloved, now are we the Sons of God; and it doth not yet appear what we shall be: But we know, that when he shall appear, we shall be like him; for we shall see him Rom.viii. as he is. There is a Glory to be revealed in us, as well as to us. Besides which, as belonging to a Saint's Happiness, there is,

3. SATISFACTION. This both the former make Way for, and run into. Open Vision begets perfect Likeness, and between God and Souls perfectly like Him, what Distance can remain? what Joy be wanting? Which Way can they turn their Thoughts, and not find Caufe of the highest Delight? To consider where they are, viz. in the most bright and glorious Place; the City of the Living God, the coelectial Paradise, the third Heaven; that which was fram'd by the Most High for the Residence of his Throne, the Temple of his Presence, and fo fill'd with the Glory of GoD, and of the Lamb, supplying the Place of the Sun, and making an eternal Day, in which they shall always live, and always rejoyce. To consider themselves freed from all Evils that were ever felt, or possible. None of which can have any Place in the Presence of God and the REDEEMER, whose Salvation is compleat; and now they are made to know it is so; in that God hath wiped away all Tears from

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from their Eyes, and brought 'em where there Rev. xxi. (hall be no more Death, nor Sorrow, nor Crying; 4. neither shall there be any more Pain: For the former Things are wholly over. With what Transport will they be led to fay, How much better is it where we are, than where we were! confidering themselves rais'd to the highest Honour in Likeness to God, and so made meet to dwell with Him, and fuited to the Employments and Enjoyments of the heavenly State: Having their Minds fill'd with the clearest Light, and their Hearts inflam'd with the most ardent Love, being throughout pure, and without all Spot, and so joyning with the glorious Assembly of the First-born in contemplating, admiring, praising and adoring the Fountain of their Being and Bleffedness for ever. What more can they defire or wish, than to be under the brightest Displays of the divine Perfections, and the freest Communications of Goo's Love and Goodness, never to be interrupted or abated, and never to end.

OH! happy they, who from feeing God's Back-parts, are thus gone to fee Him Face to Face; who from being cover'd with his Hand in the Cliff of a Rock, are now taken within the Vail, into that Presence of his, where there is Fulness of Joy, Psal xvi. and where there are Pleasures for evermore. 11. Where they shall live under the Light of his Countenance, never to be eclips'd, in

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whose Favour is Life. Where they shall never fin, and God will never frown; never turn away his Face, or look on with a displeased Eye. Where they shall know Him better than they can here conceive, and love Him more than they can now think, and feeling themselves happy, have their Souls at Rest in Him, looking no farther, defiring no more to their compleat Satisfaction.

Heb. iv.T. HAVING a Promise of entring into such a Rest, what Fear and Watchfulness is neceffary, left any of us should seem to come short! But this leads us to what follows, viz.

> III. WHOEVER is admitted to behold God's Face to his Satisfaction and Happiness, it must be in Righteousness. The Psalmist looked for it no other Way. This doubtless, takes in

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both a Righteousness and inherent.

1. A RIGHTEOUSNESS imputed; namely, the Righteousness of Christ, put on by Faith. Without this, there is no standing before God, or Approach to Him. Having provok'd Him by Sin, He in Effect fays to us, with Reference to CHRIST, as Joseph to his Gen xliii Brethren concerning Benjamin, Unless you bring him with you, ye shall not see my Face. This

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This our Lord teaches us himself, saying, I am the Way, the Truth and the Life: No Joh. xiv. 6. Man cometh to the Father, but by me.

WE by Sin have forfeited Heaven, and all the Blessedness that makes it up: Christ, and He only, hath purchased it for us; and if ever we have Acceptance with God and Admission into his Kingdom, it must be upon the Account of the atoning, meritorious Sacrifice He hath offer'd, and the everlasting Righteousness which He hath brought in: Without this, we have Nothing of our own to found a Claim, or be our Plea. The Father proclaims Himself well-pleas'd in him, and sends us for Acceptance to him. For He hath made him to be 2 Cor. v. Sin for us, who knew no Sin; that we might be 21. made the Righteousness of God in him.

WITHOUT this, no Righteousness of our own could stand us in stead, as having here to do with God, or ere long to be judged This is that which the Apollle by Him. expresses so great a Value for, and is so earnest to secure: Tea doubtless, and I count all Phil iii.8, Things but Dung, that I may win Christ, and 9. be found in bim, not having my own Righteousness, which is of the Law; but that which is thro' the Faith of Christ, the Righteousness which is of God by Faith. This is that which the Believer trusts to, and triumphs in. Surely, Shall one Say, in the Lord have I Righ- 1sa.xiv.24. teousness and Strength; even to Him shall Men come. In the Lord, shall all the Seed of Israel

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be justified, and shall glory. By this we are screen'd from all that we had to fear, and entitled to all that we can want. This is that which hides every Spot of Desormity, and renders those who are sound in it, amiable and lovely. Such as God justifies and is pleased with, and will set open the Kingdom of Glory to.

2. A Righteousness Inherent. This takes in a Renovation of Nature by being born from Heaven; and then a Conversa-Phil.i.27 tion becoming the Gospel, call'd a Conversa-Ephiv.24 tion in Heaven: A putting off the Old Man, and putting on the New, which after God is created in Righteousness and true Holiness; and from a Heart principled with Grace, walking before God in Newness of Life. This Righteousness is necessary to our seeing God upon a twofold Account, viz.

(1.) FROM the Establishment of the Word.

Tit.ii. 12. The Grace of God that bringeth Salvation, teacheth us that denying Ungodliness and worldly Lusts, we should live soberly, righteously and godlily, in this present World: So looking for that blessed Hope. Follow Holiness,---without which, no Man shall see the Lord.

Joh. iii 3. strongly afferted by our Lord himself; Verily, verily, except a Man be born again, he cannot see the Kingdom of God. As to the New

New Jerusalem, There shall in no wise enter into it any Thing that defileth. New Hearts are for a new Heaven, and they that are otherwise could find no Work or Satisfa-Ction there: For what Fellowship hath Righte- 2 Cor. vi. ousness with Unrighteousness? And what Communion hath Light with Darkness? What would Sinners do in the Presence of Go p. with Souls most unlike and averse to him? Or in being with Christ, whom they here

rejected, and have no Interest in?

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The former Righteousness, that of Christ, is the Price of Heaven, and that for which the Believer is to expect it: The latter, is the Way to Heaven; markt out for the ransom'd of the Lord to walk in, and in doing Isa. xxxv. 10, they shall come to Zion with everlasting foy 8,9, 10. upon their Heads; and Sorrow and Sighing (ball flee away. Both perhaps are included in those Places, in which our Lord gives us a Command and Warning; Seek ve first the Mat. vi. Kingdom of God and his Righteousness; For 133; say unto you, that except your Righteousness shall exceed the Righteousness of the Scribes and Pharifees, ye shall in no case enter into the Kingdom of God. He that has no Regard to a Righteousness, inherent, overlooks the Design of Christ's Undertaking and Death; who gave himself for us that he might redeem us Tit. ii. 14. from all Iniquity, and purify unto himself a peculiar People Zealous of good Works. that hopes to fee GoD, without a Righteousness imputed; forgets that he is a fallen

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Eph. ii. 8. Creature, to be saved by Grace, thro' Faith;
Rom. vi. and so, tho' the Wages of Sin is Death, the
Gift of God is eternal Life, thro' Jesus Christ
our Lord.

IV. To whatever Degree God may bring down Heaven in the Discoveries of himself to his People here, there is much more reserved Above, which they are aspiring to, and shall at last obtain.

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SEVERAL Things are carry'd in this, which can be little more than nam'd.

I. 'TIS the Sense of such as belong to GoD, that they have so much of Happiness or Heaven begun, as they see, and know, and enjoy of GoD, graciously shewing Himself to 'em, fo as not unto the World. Him they are studying in his Works, and Word, and Son: Him they are feeking from Duty to Duty, in the Closet and Sanctuary: And when He is pleased to meet their Enquiries, and as it were place Himfelf before 'em, faying to any in his Family, " Contemplate my " Perfections, my Wisdom, Power, Good-" nefs, Mercy, Truth and Faithfulnefs: " and know, that thou hast an Interest in " all. Think of the Ranfom that I have " found, the Design I have been carrying " on for the faving Sinners, My Appoint-" ing my Son to be the Captain of their " Salvation, and making him perfect thro? " Suffering, in order to it: And know that " all

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nat all " all this is for thee. View the Covenant " of Grace establish'd in his Blood, the " exceeding great and precious Promifes it " contains; the Relations in which I stand " to all mine, and read them as all belong-" ing to thy felf. I am God All-fuffici-" ent and thine, and will deal with thee " as fuch; all my Ways shall be Mercy " and Truth towards thee, My Loving " kindness will I not take from thee, I " will pardon thy Sins, fubdue thy Cor-" ruptions, hear thy Prayers, supply thy "Wants, affift thee in thy Work, keep " thee in thy Way, never leave thee in this "World, and afterwards receive thee to "Glory in another." For God to speak thus to any, and cloath his Words with Power and Efficacy, making the Soul to feel the Sweetness of 'em, may well be reckon'd and fpoken of as Heaven begun.

2. Something of this, God, as he has seen Good, has been pleas'd to vouchsafe to his People here. He has not as to this, wholly left himself without Witness, tho' the Instances of late, since the apparent Decay of the Power of Godliness, have been more rare. We here walk by Faith, not by Sight; and yet we read of some, who, tho' short of Vision, in Believing, have rejoye'd with a Joy unspeakable and full of Glory. An aged Minister, of whom I have

Pet. i. 8.

read, had the Consolation of God so

strongly pour'd into his Soul; that he was led to put up this Petition, "Lord, Stay thy " Hand, thou knowest I am but a Clay-" Veffel and can hold no more." Another a little before his Departure, with an Air of Joy, Asks, What Light is that darted upon me? Some about him answer'd, The Sun-(bine : No faid he, 'tis my Saviour's (bine ; and thereupon added, Friends farewell! And let it be preach'd at my Funeral, that God dealeth familiarly with Men. The Secret of the Lord is with them that fear him, and that it may be the more regarded, the most gracious Condescention is introduc'd with the most majestick Preface. For thus saith the high and lofty One that inhabiteth Eternity, whose Name is Holy, I dwell in the high and holy Place; with him also that is of a contrite and humble Spirit, to revive the Spirit of the humble, and to revive the Heart of the contrite Ones.

The Intercession of Christ is always to be supposed, as opening a Way to this, thro' whom it is that Go'd will in very Deed dwell with Men: And in what Degree he shews himself a Gracious Father to Spirits dwelling in Flesh, and brings Heaven with him into the Hearts of his Children; the Grounds of it are such as these.

(1.) The Strength of his Love, which tho' it will not fully pour out it self upon 'em till they

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Isa. lvii.

they come to Heaven, is too ardent wholy to refrain by the Way.

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(2.) To keep them from Fainting, whilst put to wait for the Glory to be revealed; and inable them the better to bear the Difficulties of an expecting State.

(Lastly,) THAT from Experience of God's gracious Dealing with themselves, they might more earnestly invite Strangers into a special Relation to Him: This the Psalmist does, O taste and see that the Lord Psal. a good, blessed is the Man that trusts in Him. xxxiv. 5.

3. Much more of Heaven is yet reserved.

It doth not yet appear what we shall be: And no Wonder; For Eye hath not seen, nor Ear 1 Cor.ii.9. beard, nor hath it entered into the Heart of Man to conceive the Things which God hath prepared for them that love Him.

It must be Something vastly above what the Believer hath in Hand, that the Love of God travell'd with from Everlasting, that Infinite Wisdom was employed to contrive: That the Blood of his Son went to purchase; that He is gone before to make ready; and the Bestowing of which is for ever to redound to the Praise of the Glory of his Grace. 'Tis a Happiness unspeakably great, but reserved, among other Reasons, for these two, viz.

- (1.) To wean them from the present World, where they do not find, and are not to expect, their perfect Rest; to excite their Desires after a better, and reconcile them to the Thoughts of going hence, even by Dying, to enter upon it.
- (2.) THAT they may have the quicker Relish of their final Blessedness; and fo their Joys and Praises rais'd to the highest Pitch, when from a State of fo much Imperfection and Distance, they are call'd up to fee the King in his Beauty: God in his Glory, of which, the one Half could not possibly be told 'em by the Way.
- 4. THIS is what they are Aspiring to, Breathing after. And this from the Command of Go D upon 'em; from the Grace of God within 'em; as their Hearts are already in Heaven, because their Treasure is there: From the Joy they have had, when a Ray from the most Excellent Glory has heen let down upon their Souls, and the most fensible Grief it has given 'em, that their brightest Minutes have been so short: Upon these, and many other Accounts, they can't but long to be there, where they thall be above all Imperfection and Change. Rev. xxi. In that City, that hath no Need of the Sun or

the Moon to hine in it: For the Glory of God doth lighten it, and the Lamb is the Light

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thereof; and in that Light the Nations of Rev. xxi them that are saved, shall, with the highest 23. Satisfaction, walk and dwell.

(Lastly,) WHAT they are aspiring to, they shall at length obtain. Verily, there is an End, and their Expectation shall not be cut off. This may be firmly concluded: As the Death and Intercession of CHRIST, shall not be in vain: Now He died, the 1 Pet. iii. Just for the Unjust, that he might bring us to 18. God; and as going to Heaven, made this Request, extending to every Believer, Fa-Joh. xv. ther, I will that they also whom Thou hast 24. given me, be with me where I am, that they may behold my Glory. The Promise of Go D cannot fall to the Ground; and eternal Life, is what God, that cannot lye, pro-Tit. i. 3. mised before the World began. The Purpose was early, and how often, and many Ways hath it been confirm'd fince? That in the Immutability of his Counsel, the Heirs Heb. vi of Promise may have strong Consolation, who 18. have fled for Refuge, to lay hold on the Hope set before them. Their Breathings after it are of G o p's own exciting, and fo shall not be disappointed; their Meetness for it is the Work of a Deity, and shall not be lost: He that has wrought us for the self-same 2 Cor. v.s. Thing is God, who hath also given us the Earnest of the Spirit, which infers, and secures all the rest. This brings us to the concluding Head, viz. V. THERE

V. THERE is a fix'd and proper Season for the Saints Satisfaction; namely, when they awake, which they will, and ought to have their Eye to, and in a becoming Manner think and speak of.

HERE I shall at once briefly hint the Season pointed to, and how it becomes the

Saint to think and speak of it.

THERE is a twofold Season in which the Heirs of Heaven are to enter upon their Blessedness there, viz. As to the Soul, on their Dissolution: As to Soul and Body united, at the Resurrection. To both these, the Time of Awaking may refer: And so to say, I shall be satisfied, when I awake, is the same, as to say, when I die, and when I shall rise again.

I SHALL be satisfied when I awake, i. e.

1. As to the Soul on a Dissolution. The Term here us'd casts a Reslection on Life, or the Time of our sojourning in this low, impersect, mortal State: 'Tis a Kind of Sleep. The Souls of the Best, by Means of the Body of Flesh, and the Body of Sin, are greatly clog'd and hinder'd, in their Actings towards God, in their Perceptions of Him, Receivings from Him, Converte with Him, and Delight and Satisfaction in all. On the other-hand; It teaches us to alter our Language of Dying, and call it Awaking. As hereupon, the departing Spi-

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rit is freed from all its Incumbrances, and delivered into a far better State; to be nearer God, have that Vision of Him, and Delight in Him, which it was never be-

fore capable of.

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THE Soul at Death, does not descend with the Body into the filent Grave, nor drop into a fenseles Sleep; but being made meet to be Partaker of the Inheritance of the Saints in Light, ascends to behold Goo's Face and Glory there; in which, sensible of its Change fo vastly for the better, and thereupon fill'd with Love and Joy animating the highest Praises to GoD; it may be faid to be more awake than ever, That which is Death or Sleep to the Body, is, as to the Soul, a Freedom from it, an awaking to see, and live with Go D.

AND under this Notion, it no longer becomes a Child of GoD, to think or fpeak of Death, with overcoming Dread and Horror; but with Calmness and Complacency, as containing what may render it, not only tolerable but amiable, and, when the Will of God is fignify'd, Matter of his

Desire.

In looking to the Body, call Death a Sleep; Dying, Undressing or being uncloath'd, in order to go to Rest: And what is there to horrible in all this?

Bur as to the Soul, 'tis to be call'd by another Name, that speaks it abundantly better: To that, 'tis an awaking, and this

this to the best Exercise and Entertainment, and the greatest Gain: To behold the Face of God, to look itself into his Likeness, and so to meet the fullest Satisfaction in his Light, and Love, and Glory. Who would not be willing to have the Eyes of his Body clos'd, fo as to be open no more upon this World, to have the Eyes of his Soul more immediately and always fixed upon GoD, and his Face unvail'd, in the most endearing Manner shedding Glory and Joy into, and thro' the happy Soul. It belongs to them to start at Death, and fly from it, who are unwilling to fee Gop, and would be no nearer to Him than now: But they to whom Death as to the Body will prove a Sleep, and this too a Sleep in Jesus; and as to the departing Spirit, an awaking to behold God's Face; have Reason to bid it welcome: And when God fays, as to Moses, Thou canst not see my Face and live; to answer, as did one of the Fathers, Lord, that I may see it, I am willing to die.

This is a Temper becoming a Believer, with Reference to a Dissolution, as in dying out of this World, he is born into a better. That is the first Season of Awaking, But it also looks farther: I shall be satisfied when I awake, i. e.

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2. As to Soul and Body united at the Refurrection. Tho' a parting Time will come,
and the Night of Separation may be long,
it shall be followed with a glorious Morning, and blessed Re-union, which will be
the Beginning of a new Life, in which the
Righteous shall be as happy in both Parts,
as their finite Nature can admit, in being
presented faultless before the Presence of God's Jud. 24.

Glory, with exceeding Joy.

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NATURAL Sleep, is in order to Rest, Refreshment and Rising to Advantage: The Saints Sleep in Death, shall not only This is denohave an End, but end well. ted by Awaking. The Body shall not be left under an everlafting Cover of Earth, and when it is brought forth, it shall be with unspeakable Improvement, in a far different Manner, than when it was put to Rest under the Clods. How many Inflances of the happy Change are mention'd to hold our Meditation with Intenseness upon it, as what is design'd, and certain, and will make the Day fo wonderful, when it comes: The Body, that is fown in Corruption, shall be rais'd in 1 Cor. 15. Incorruption: It is fown in Dishonour, it 42. shall be rais'd in Glory: It is fown in Weakness, it shall be rais'd in Power: It is fown a natural Body, it shall be rais'd a spiritual Body, i. e. in the highest Degree of Excellence

lence to which it can be refined, and remain a Body still. The Power for this, is lodg'd in a proper Hand; and the Pattern chosen to which it is to be conform'd, even that of Christ himself. For this Believ-

Phil. iii. ers have their Eyes to Him: We look for a
Saviour from Heaven, the Lord Jesus Christ,
who shall change our vile Body, that it may be
fashioned like unto his glorious Body, according
to the Working whereby He is able to subdue all

Things to Himself.

Job. x. 22 fleep in Death; being laid out for the Grave, and laid up in it, to remain under Ground, that Land of Darkness, till the Heavens be no more, &c. are Things of Prov. xiv. less pleasing Sound; nevertheless the Righ-

teous hath Hope in his Death: Hope concerning the Body returning to the Dust, that it shall not always be lest in a sleepy inactive State, but awake at the Last Day by being re-united to the Soul, that so far as capable, they may both be Companions in the Blessedness of seeing God, as they have here been in duty, seeking and breathing after him. To this holy Job directs his Faith, and so speaks with an Air of Joy,

Job xix. even at the Mouth of the Grave. I know 25, 26,27 that my Redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the latter Day upon the Earth: And though after my Skin, Worms destroy this Body; yet in my Flesh shall I see God, whom I shall see for my self, and mine Eyes shall behold, and not

another;

another; and this, tho' my Reins be consumed within me.

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THE Grave shall be no constant Bar to the Happiness of the Body, as Death could be none to that of the Soul. Both shall find the Path of Life, and in the appointed Season joyntly enter upon it. A Separation could not be made without more or less of Reluctance; as whilst the Spirit was made perfett, and taken to Heaven, the Body was left breathless to the Earth, and bury'd out of Sight: But with what mutual Joy will they meet at last, when every One that sleeps in Jesus, shall awake to fee GoD, and as to the whole Man, be happy in Him! "Welcome, " thrice welcome, may the Body fay, to " the Soul return'd, to the Habitation thou " was once fo well acquainted with, and " tookest so much Pains about, to form " and prepare for the Felicity we were bid " to expect. I find I have been sleeping in " the Dust; all the Days of my appointed Time " waiting till my Change come : This Change, " by which I am redeem'd from the Power of " the Grave, and feel Mortality swallowed up " of Life. In the mean Time, O my Soul, " how has it been with thee?" To this, with what Pleasure, may we conceive the Soul to answer, "O my dear desired Com-" panion! I have been well imploy'd, hap-" pily provided for, fince an End was put " to our fojourning State. As foon as dif-" lodg'd,

" lodg'd, I was carry'd by Angels into the " third Heaven, where I have feen that "Glory that I could not before conceive, " enjoy'd that Felicity that I cannot now " describe. I have found true what our " Lord affured his Followers at his going " to Heaven, viz. That in his Father's House " were many Mansions, and I now bring thee Word that there is one for thee: Behold, "thy Redeemer come according to his "Word, to take all his unto Himself, that " where He is, there they may be also. And " how well must it be with those that " are with Him? There we shall dwell " in the most glorious Light; be fill'd with " divine and heavenly Love; joyn with " the General Affembly, and Church of the " First-born in the most delightful Work, " finging, Bleffing and Honour, and Glory, " and Power, to Him that sitteth on the Throne, " and to the Lamb, for ever and ever." This is Awaking to Satisfaction indeed, which may well lead the Children of the Refurrection, in speaking of it, to lift up their Heads in Token of Joy that fuch a Seafon is coming, their Redemption draws nigh.

WHAT remains, is the Application.

1. How amiable and great is the Change that holy Souls have undergone, who are taken up with God in the Manner describ'd. h

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NATURALLY they were inclin'd to live without God in the World, as well as others, and take up their Rest in lower Good: But being born from Heaven, they can do so no longer. God is now more to them than all the World; and if they have not Satisfaction in Him, they can have none for ever.

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- 2. This may help you to pass a Judgment upon all this World, and think of it as it is, namely, as insufficient to be the Happiness of a Soul. The wisest and best Men on Earth, have universally renounc'd it, as their Portion; and as taught of God, have look'd for Satisfaction only in Himself. What Folly then are they guilty of, who yet will look for Happiness below! Which is to look for Light in Darkness, Life in Death: In this they lose their Labour, and their Souls are in Danger of perishing for ever.
- 3. Do gracious Souls place and seek their Satisfaction in GoD? Let us resolve to have our Lot with them.

IF you have not made your Choice, let it be no longer deferr'd. Why should you Isa. Iv. 1. spend your Money for that which is not Bread?

And your Labour for that which satisfieth not?

When God calls you to hearken to his Voice, and by Jesus Christ to return to Him, that you may be provided of an adequate Portion, in which you may rest and rejoyce for ever.

G Lastly,

Lastly, WHAT Gainers are the Righteous by dying, as Death is their awaking to see GoD; Joh. xiv. and so the Way to their highest Satisfaction. In this, Love to 'em, should lead us to rejoyce, even whilft we mourn for our own Lofs, as they that are most taken up with God and Heaven, are those that we most need, and are best fitted to do Good upon Earth. But as to themselves, they are gone to the Father, to their Father in Heaven, to behold his Face as it is open'd there, in beholding of which they are chang'd into his Likeness, and shine in his Beams, and in his Light and are happy indeed, and fecure fo for ever. This is that of being which they pray'd, and labour'd, and longed for: This is that which they aim'd at, and were most pleas'd with the Prospect of. Whilst others took up with a Portion in the present Life, they made a wifer Choice, and to the last pursu'd it, often renewing their Requests to God, That they Rev. xxii. might have their Felicity there, where his

might have their Felicity there, where his Servants have the Honour of the nearest Attendance upon Him, and see his Face. The Promise of this, was that which sweetened their Lives, and in the Faith of it, they calmly laid down their Heads and died: And thus closing their Eyes upon this World, they awak'd into the Light and Glory of a better. And whilst we can look after our holy Friends and Relations whom Death hath remov'd, and consider 'em not as lost, but gone to live with God; nearer

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nearer to Him than ever; more happy than ever; perfectly pleas'd and fatisfy'd in the Presence of his Glory, and to change no more; it should be a powerful Argument to moderate our Sorrows, and invite us to take a Part in their Joy.

Thus, you know, we have abundant Reason to think and speak of our dear

Friend, your deceas'd Pastor.

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Character, my Acquaintance with him being but of few Years; tho' I could wish it had begun sooner, and that I had been oftner in his Company, as I should have been, had I apprehended his Stay with us would have been so short. And how much more Good might we get by our Converses with the Saints and Servants of God, and lay up for our Comfort, Incouragement and Imitation, did we converse more as those that are dying, we from them, or they from us, with this Thought, The Benefit of their Company, it may be, we shall but a little While enjoy.

Nothing was more obvious than his ferious Spirit: His Words, his Looks, his Actions in ordinary Life, evidenc'd him one much taken up with GoD; bound for Heaven, where his Treasure was laid up, and accordingly his Heart and Conversati-

on were there too.

I understand God early began to deal with Him; rescuing him from the Vanity, incident to Youth, as designing to set him apart for himself.

Deep

DEEP Impressions were made upon him, of the Evil of Sin, the Worth of a Soul, its Danger of being lost, and the Necessity and Excellency of the Saviour provided; upon which being drawn with the Cords of Love, he was inabled to fly for Resuge to the Hope set before him. This he was the more affected with and thankful for, in that Grace towards him was exercis'd with a remarkable Sovereignty, taking him and passing by others, whom upon the Account of their Nearness to him, he could not but be concerned for.

Religion hereupon became his Business, and to please God, and live to Christ, and prepare for Heaven, what he was most in-

tent upon.

THAT he might be the more taken up about his Soul and Eternity, he bent his Thoughts to the Ministry; and broke throfeveral Difficulties and Discouragements in order to it: Sticking at no Pains to fit himfelf for the Work: And afterwards how diligent, how constant, how much in earnest, and unwearied was he in it!

WHEN made Keeper of the Vineyard's,

* At can-first in the Country, * and then in this
terbury. City, he watch'd for Souls as one that must
give an Account, and yet did not forget to
keep his own, being careful to practise what
he preach'd, as desirous to save himself
and them that heard him; and knowing
that there is but one Way to Heaven for

Ministers and People.

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PRAYER was much of his Life, and Breath; by which he ask'd Counsel of the Lord, made Conscience of applying to him for Light, Direction and Strength as to what he was to deliver to you, and for his Blessing on all, as sensible that Sufficiency and Success are entirely of God; and whatever Experience he had of this, he was not unmindful to ascribe the Glory where twas due, in Returns of Thanks; endeavouring as a Christian and as a Minister to keep up a stated Intercourse with Heaven; and what Advantage and Comfort did he find in it?

Humility was his Cloathing, and Ornament; and Sincerity what animated and run thro' his Actings, in which he endeavour'd to approve himself to God, and to the Consciences of Men as in the Sight of God.

By a crasse distemper'd Body, he was kept mindful of his great Change, and the invisible everlasting World he was thereby to pass into, and so quicken'd in his Preparations for it, and often carried beyond his Strength, in preaching as a dying Man to dying Men.

You have observ'd how often he has with Difficulty got into the Pulpit, and yet with what Vigor and Seriousness he uttered himself there, as One that knew, whatever we do for Eternity should be done with all our Might; and that it must be zow or never.

HE had made Death so familiar to him, that he could speak of departing with the same Ease and Freedom, as One would do of going Home: When in the Pulpit, he has appear'd greatly spent, and his Friends have sometimes told him, they were asraid he would have died before he came down; He would by his Answers signify, how far it would have been from being a Surprize to him: So constantly did he stand as One waiting for his Lord.

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THE last Year or two he was worn down apace, and Death had little to do, where Grace and Labour, and painful Distempers had done so much to facilitate a

Diffolution.

In the View of this, he consider'd you in the Hand of the Great Shepherd, often using Jacob's Language, with a good Genesis Degree of the same Faith: Behold I die, but alviji. 21. God shall be with you. The Hope of this, was his Comfort, may the Experience of it be eminently yours.

To a Minister, and several others that were with him in his Sickness, enquiring concerning the State of his Soul, with Reserence to God and another World: His Answer was, Thro' Grace, I feel no Storm, am under no Cloud: Adding, Blessed be God, my Work is done; and now I have Nothing to do but to die.

WHEN ask'd by One nearly related to him, What she should do to bear up in a dying Hour, observing the Pains he was under?

under? He readily reply'd, as speaking from what he selt, Make sure of an Interest in Jesus Christ, and that will carry you thro', as it does me.

'T was with the utmost Calm that he ordered all the Circumstances of his Funeral. By Faith, like dying Joseph, speaking concerning his Bones, as knowing whom he had believed, and for what; and that Christ was able to keep what he had committed to him; and of all that the Father had given him, would lose nothing but raise it up again at

the last Day.

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UNDER his long Sickness, he shew'd an exemplary Patience, and tho' wearifome Nights were appointed to him, in which he could not lie down in his Bed, or keep there for many Weeks together, he was fo far from entertaining a hard Thought of God, that he would take all Occasions to fpeak well of Him. He was fensible to the last; and shew'd it, by improving every Thing to encourage his Soul. When taking a little Cordial, he would fay, Oh, what large Draughts of Consolation shall I drink in Glory! And repeating the Text, As for me, I will behold thy Face in Righteoufness; I shall be satisfied, added, yea, abundant, abundantly satisfied with thy Likeness.

WHEN drawing on, and his fainting Pulse, and quick Breath, shew'd him entering the Valley of the Shadow of Death, he signify'd his inward Composure, by saying, in a pleased Tone, I am going. Which had

he

he had Strength to utter, how could he have enlarg'd upon, in the Profpect of that to which he was fo near? " I am going, viz.

" from Earth to Heaven, from a Vale of

" Tears to a Paradife of Joy.

" I am going, to fee what I have believ-" ed; and possess what I have hoped for;

" and have my Prayers answer'd, and un-

" conceivably out-done in what God hath " laid up for them them that love Him.

" I am going, to a World where there are " none fick or forrowful, pain'd or die; " where I shall live for ever, in the Vision, " and Love, and Glory of God, and fo re-"joyce for ever: Where I shall never lose " the Glory to be revealed, and never cease " to fing to the Honour of Grace." And hereupon, laying down his Head, he closed his Eyes upon this World, and went to know what that Satisfaction means, that consists in Beholding Goo's Face in another.

God grant, we may be Followers of them, Heb. vi. who thro' Faith and Patience inherit the Promiles; That whenever we are call'd to die after 'em, we may, by dying, awake up into the same Glory with them,

The End.